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## A Message from our President

March 30, 2020

Ref. Notice for Clients on New Financing and Tax Relief for Businesses Dealing with the COVID-19 Crisis

Dear Clients,

The President recently signed legislation that includes important provisions to help you keep your employees on the payroll during the COVID-19 crisis. These benefits are potentially available to all employers and, in some cases, the federal government will cover many of the costs of continuing to pay your employees for a period of time.

However, these new programs are complicated and there are important choices to make in deciding how to best utilize them. There are three new ways that you can now get assistance with payroll expenses during this crisis:

- Small Business Administration (SBA) Paycheck Protection Loan Program: The biggest change is a new streamlined SBA loan program to provide eligible businesses with cash to meet payroll (including benefits) and other fixed costs (such as rent, interest on mortgages, and utility payments) for up to eight weeks. The maximum loan amount would be 250% of the employer's average monthly payroll costs, capped at \$10 million. The law expands the previous SBA definitions of small employer in a number of ways to increase the availability of these loans and makes changes in the traditional SBA loan process that should speed-up the process of obtaining a loan. Additionally, after the borrowing business demonstrates that the loan proceeds were used to maintain previous payroll or pay those other fixed costs, then the loans (and any interest due) would be eligible for very generous loan forgiveness (and the forgiven amounts would not be taxable). Click here for a guide and checklist on the new loan program from the U.S. Chamber of Commerce.
- 50% Employee Retention Tax Credit: Another option allows employers (regardless of size) that are uniquely affected by COVID-19 to claim a refundable tax credit against the employer portion of payroll tax equal to 50% of certain wages paid to an employee between March 13, 2020 through the end of the year. Only \$10,000 of wages could be taken into account for any employee. This 50% credit would be available to businesses (i) that have had their operations fully or partially suspended by government order due to COVID-19 or (ii) that experienced a 50% decline in gross receipts during a 2020 calendar quarter when compared with the same quarter in 2019.
- Social Security Tax Deferral: Another provision that is available to employers of all sizes is
  the ability to defer the payment of the employer portion of Social Security taxes (6.2% of
  wages) for the remainder of 2020. Fifty percent of those deferred taxes would have to be
  repaid by the end of 2021, with the remainder due by the end of 2022.



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## You Can't Choose All of the Above

Each of these new alternatives provide very generous tax subsidies to assist employers. But, you'll still need to make choices:

- If you obtain one of the new SBA loans, you are not eligible for the 50% employee retention tax credit.
- If you have a new SBA loan forgiven, you cannot take advantage of the Social Security tax deferral.
- If you claim the 50% employee retention credit, you will no longer be eligible for an SBA loan.
- If you take advantage of the Social Security tax deferral, you will no longer be eligible to have your SBA loan forgiven.

We highly recommend discussing these options with your accountant. It is critical that you carefully evaluate your eligibility for and the benefits of each of these options, since the amount of assistance provided by the federal government could vary greatly depending on which path you choose. Right now, we don't have all the details and are awaiting further guidance from the SBA and IRS.

## COVID-19 Paid Leave Requirements Take Effect April 1st

Keep in mind that the new rules requiring most employers to provide paid sick leave and FMLA leave for COVID- 19 related reasons will go into effect on April 1, 2020. The federal government will reimburse employers for most of those costs through a tax credit, although we are awaiting further guidance on this from the IRS, including information about how the credit may be advanced to employers. Significantly, recent guidance from the U.S. Department of Labor suggests that, if your business closes for any reason, the paid sick leave and expanded FMLA requirements would not apply as of the date your business closes.

We will keep you informed of additional information as it becomes available. Know that we are here as a resource for you and are working hard to be ready to assist you with implementing the choices you make.

I am confident that together, we will get through this.

Sincerely,

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PS – Please visit our <u>COVID-19 Response Page</u> to see a consolidated list of our communications and resources in one place.